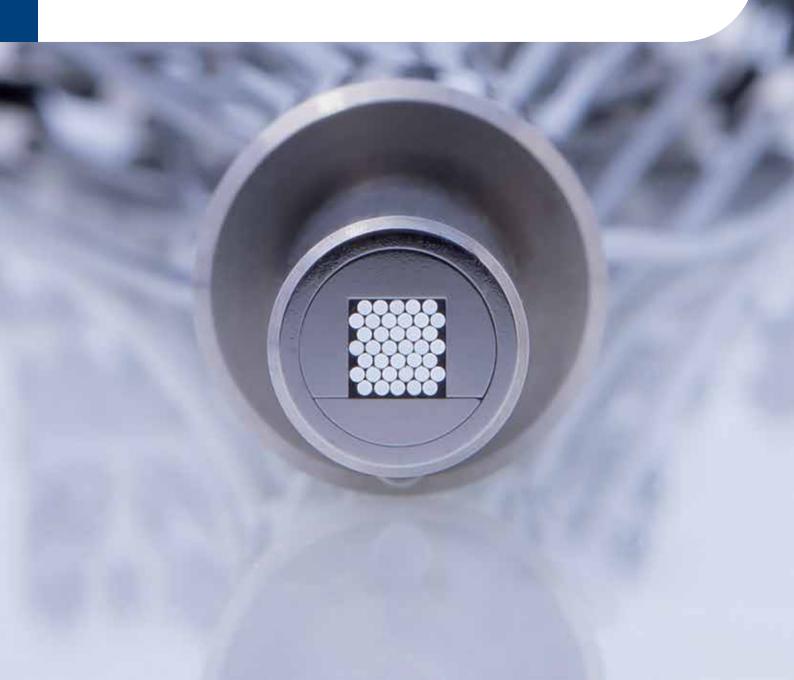


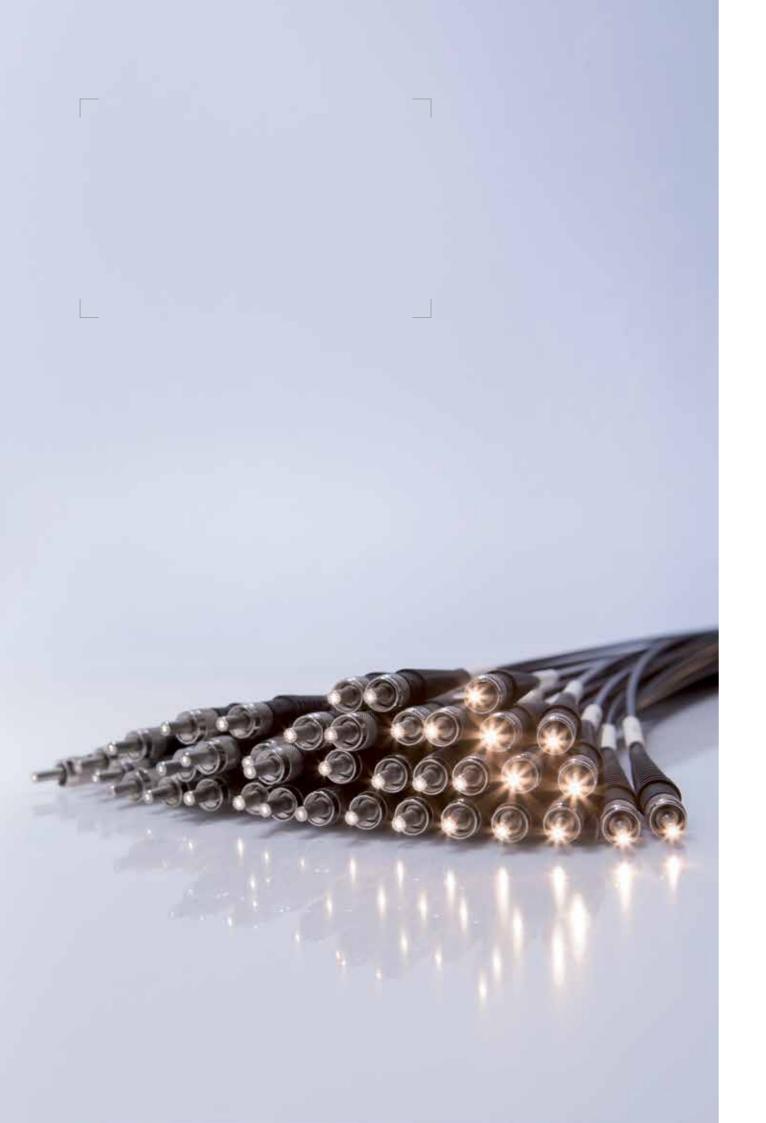


📐 海纳光学

电话: 0755-84870203 网址: www.highlightoptics.com

Innovative Fiber Optics Every Step of the Way™





05	A full range of services for your needs
06	All-silica preforms by POVD and PCVD procedures
08	Fiber overview
09	Safety Fiber
10	Optran [®] UV, Optran [®] WF, Optran [®] UVNS Silica / silica fiber with optional buffers
11	Optran® Ultra WFGE Ge-doped silica / silica fiber
12	Optran[®] UVNCC, Optran[®] WFNCC Silica / silica non-circular core fiber
14	Optran[®] UVNSS Silica / silica fiber with hermetic carbon
15	Optran[®] UVWFS broadband fiber Silica / silica fibers for applications from
16	Optran[®] HUV, Optran[®] HWF Silica fiber with hard polymer cladding
17	Optran[®] PUV, Optran[®] PWF Silica fiber with silicone cladding
18	Or REMOVED FROM THE PRODUCT PORTFOLIO e fiber
19	Multi-Core Optical Fiber Silica / silica Concentric Core and Separa
20	Metal Coated Silica Fibers Silica / silica fibers with Metal Coating
21	Comparison of attenuation values
24	Fiber bundles
25	Fused-end bundles
28	Fiber cables
29	Fiber taper products
30	Instructions for use
31	Our glossary
32	MED Products



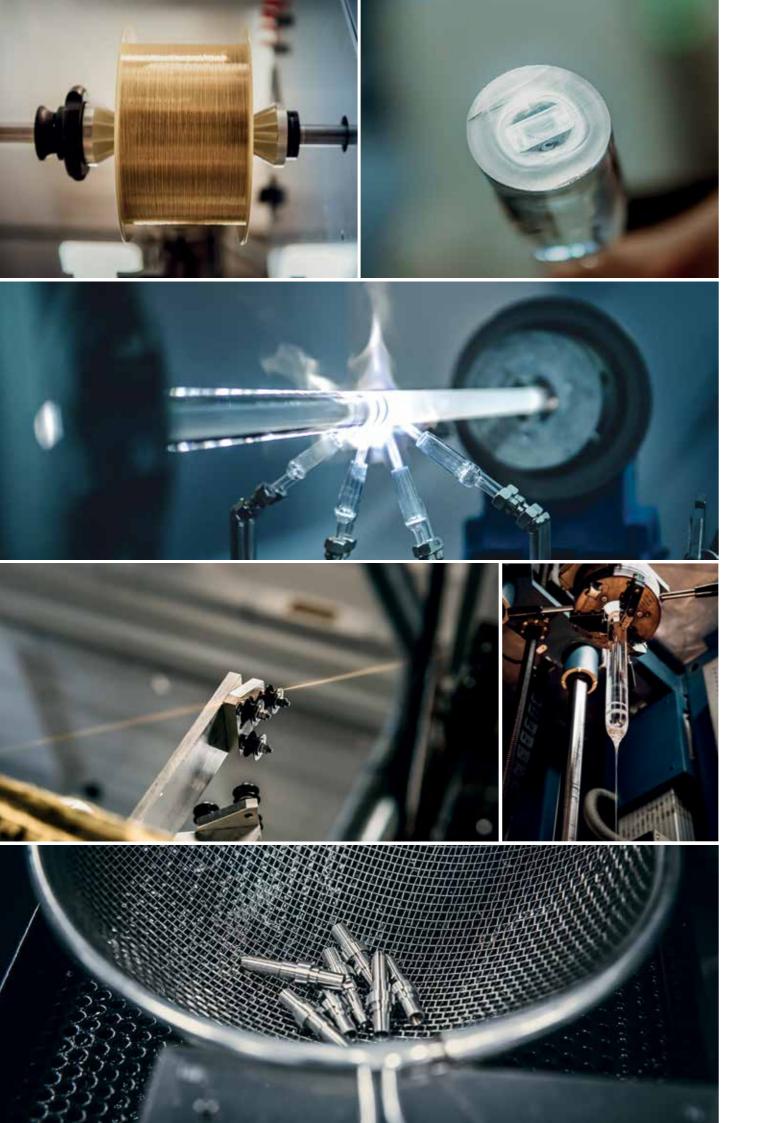
/NS, Optran® WFNS

on layer

om UV-C to IR-B

ng

arated Core Fibers



ABOUT US 5

A full range of services for your needs

CeramOptec[®] offers customised solutions in fiber optic technology, from individual fibers to ready-to-use cable assemblies.

With over 30 years' experience in the development and production of optical fibers and everything that goes with it, we are a trusted partner for industry and research. We develop our precision-made solutions in-house, from preform manufacturing to finished cables and bundles, as this allows us to provide you with effective, expert support and meet your individual requirements efficiently. We offer a one-stop solution for all your fiber optics needs. Many prestigious clients rely on our products. We hope that this brochure will provide you with a sound basis for your decision, and we would be delighted to tell you more about our products and processes in person.

Your advantages

- Over 500 Optran[®] fibers in stock
- Non-standard diameters and NA values available
- Option of fully customised fiber production
- A complete solution for all your performance needs
- ISO 9001 compliant manufacturing environment
- CE mark

From initial enquiry to the finished product









Cerameptee-

All-silica preforms by POVD and PCVD methods

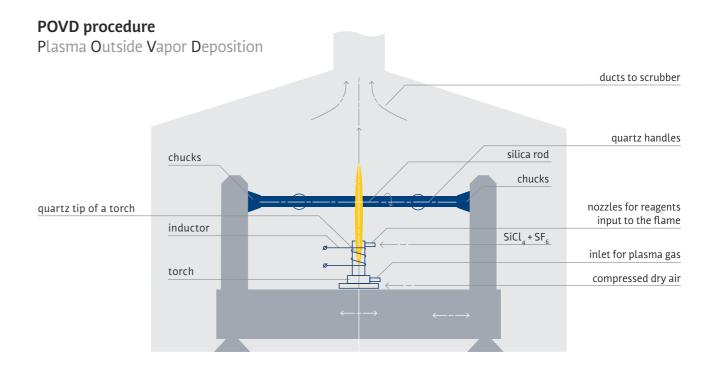


As one of the few suppliers on the market, CeramOptec[®] covers the entire manufacturing chain from the preform to full fiber assembly. The preform largely defines both optical properties and the geometry of the all-silica fiber drawn from it.

CeramOptec[®] utilizes POVD and PCVD plasma technologies for the deposition of fluorine doped silica layers on a core material. We achieve a refractive index difference between the deposited material and pure silica core of -0.028. The fibers drawn from the POVD and PCVD preforms differ significantly in their characteristics. Our primary deposition technology for all Non Circular Shape and Non Circular Core fibers is PCVD. PCVD fibers are identifiable by the additional letters NS in our catalogue.

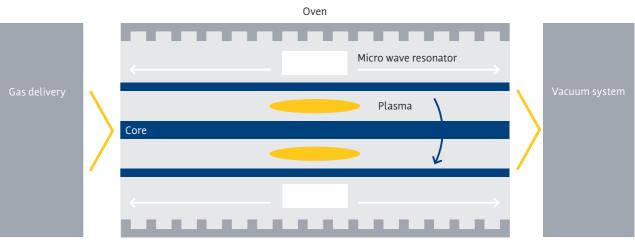
The use of two different deposition technologies for the production of preforms opens up a wide range of technical options and enables us to manufacture particularly demanding special shapes.

FIBERS 7



PCVD procedure

Plasma Chemical Vapor Deposition



Technical data

0.12 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02
20-40 mm
1:1.04 1:1.06 1:1.1
high (> 700 ppm) low (< 1 ppm) 0.25 und < 0.1 ppm availa
round, square, rectangula
POVD (Plasma Outside Va PCVD (Plasma Chemical V

Cerameptee⁻

| 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised

1:1.15 | 1:1.2 | 1:1.25 | 1:1.4 or customised

able on request

ar, hexagonal, octagonal or customised

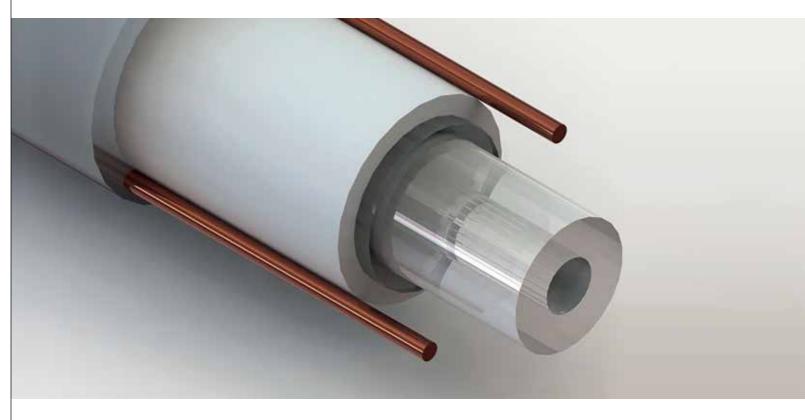
apor Deposition)

Vapor Deposition)

8 FIBERS

9 FIBERS

Safety Fiber More safety for users of fiber-coupled high-performance lasers



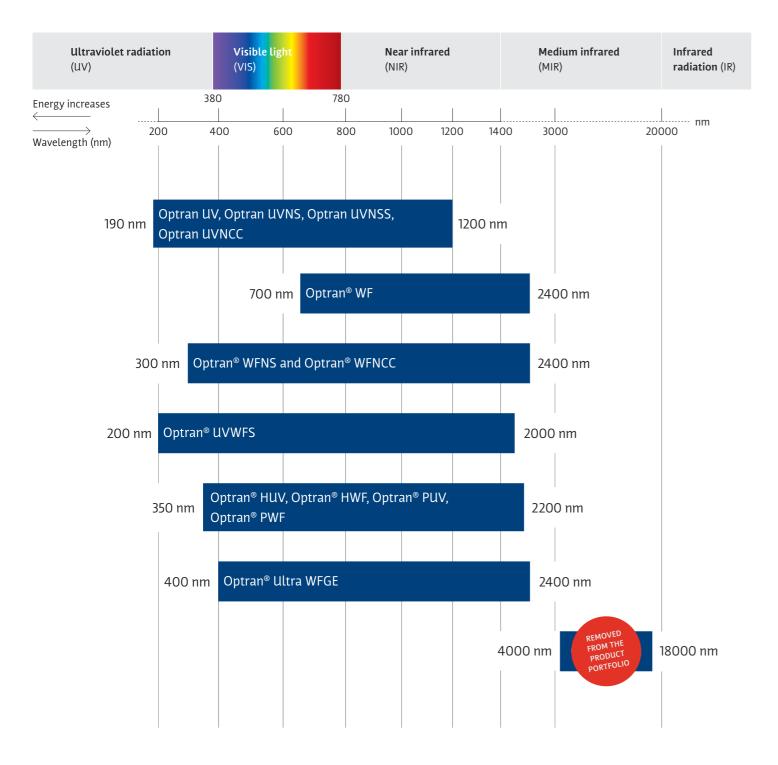
Copper wire conductors with a jacket facilitate the design of active protective devices

A new fiber design from CeramOptec[®] increases user safety in connection with fiber-coupled high-performance lasers. Copper wirers in a polyamide jacket support the configuration of active protective devices that interrupt the laser circuit in the event of fiber breakage or connection problems and protect the user from leaking radiation.

Since the two copper wires are applied together with the polyamide sheathing after the fiber drawing process, the new fiber concept can be implemented for all standardized CeramOptec[®] glass fibers. All-rounders such as the standard Optran[©] UV/WF fibers are also available as safety fibers, as are the homogenizing Optran[©] NCC fibers with polygonal core geometry. For optimum coverage of all bending radii and temperature zones, safety fibers are available with copper wire conductors of 50, 100 and 150 micrometers. Custom configurations are also available on request.



Different types of optical wavequides are used at different wavelengths depending on their transmission properties.



Cerameptee[®]

Cerameptee⁻

FIBERS

11

Optran[®] UV, Optran[®] WF, Optran[®] UVNS, Optran[®] WFNS Silica / silica fiber

Superior performance and fiber optic properties from UV to IR wavelengths: CeramOptec®'s Optran[®] UV/WF fibers are available in a range of core diameters and assemblies, tailored to your specific application needs.

Silica glass core

Standard

Wavelength

Optran [®] UV, Optran [®] UVNS	190–1200 nm
Optran [®] WF	700-2400 nm
Optran [®] WFNS	300-2400 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

Low	0.12 ± 0.02
Standard	0.22 ± 0.02
High	0.28 ± 0.02

Jacket Polyimide: -190 to +350°C ETFE: -40 to +150°C Nylon: -40 to +100°C Acrylate: -40 to +85°C

Fluorine-doped silica cladding

Buffer (if provided) Silicone, hard polymer

Technical data

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran® UV: 190–1200 nm
	Optran [®] WF: 300–2400 nm
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.12 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised
Operating temperature	-190 bis +350°C
Core diameter	Available from 25 to 2000 µm
Standard core / cladding ratios	1:1.04 1:1.06 1:1.1 1:1.15 1:1.2 1:1.25 1:1.4 or customised
OH content	Optran® UV: high (> 700 ppm)
	Optran® WF: low (< 1 ppm)
	Fibers with OH contents < 0.25 ppm are available upon request
Standard prooftest	100 kpsi (nylon, ETFE, acrylate jacket) 70 kpsi (polyimide jacket)
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (short-term mechanical stress)
	150 × core diameter (during use with high laser power)
Product code	See glossary, p. 31
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength: see p. 21

Applications

First choice for applications including spectroscopy, medical diagnostics, medical technology, laser delivery systems and many more.

Optran[®] Ultra WFGE Ge-doped silica / silica fiber

The CeramOptec[®] Optran[®] Ultra WFGE fibers stand out through maximum numerical aperture values, unmatched performance and a broad spectral range. There is a large choice of core diameters and solutions tailored to your specific needs are available upon request.

High NA for demanding applications

Wavelength

Optran[®] Ultra WFGE 400–2400 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

0.37 ± 0.02 Standard Higher NA on request

Technical data

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran [®] Ultra WFGE: 400
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.37±0.02
Operating temperature	-190 to +350°C
Core diameter	Available from 50 to 100
Standard core / cladding ratios	1:1.04 1:1.06 1:1.1
Standard prooftest	100 kpsi (nylon, ETFE, act 70 kpsi (polyimide jacket
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (s 150 × core diameter (duri
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength

Applications

First choice for applications including spectroscopy, laser technology, research, photodynamic therapy and many more.



Jacket Polyimide: -190 to +350°C ETFE: -40 to +150°C Nylon: -40 to +100°C Acrylate: -40 to +85°C

Fluorine-doped silica cladding

Germanium-doped silica glass core

Buffer (if provided) Silicone, hard polymer

0-2400 nm

00 um

| 1:1.15 | 1:1.2 | 1:1.25 | 1:1.4 or customised

crylate jacket)

short-term mechanical stress)

ing use with high laser power)

h: see p. 21

Cerameptee –

FIBERS 13

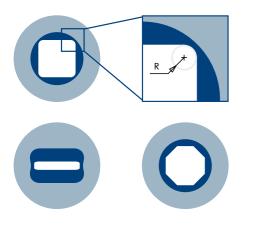
Optran[®] UVNCC, Optran[®] WFNCC Silica / silica non-circular core fiber

These fibers are ideal for laser applications, where the shape and homogeneity of the output beam is decisive. CeramOptec® offers rectangular core fibers with aspect ratios of up to 1:6 and regular polygon core fibers with 4 to 8 side faces as a standard product.

r_=R/D_*100%

Corner radii

The corner radius for rectangular shapes (r,) is described as the ratio **Wavelength** between the radius of a circle inscribed in the corner of the rectangle and the diameter of a circle inscribed within the rectangle itself (D_{in}). (See drawing below) Three types of standard radii are avai square shape: r₁<10%, 10%<r₁<20%, r₁>20%.



	·	
ilable	for a	

0	
Optran [®] UVNCC	190–1200 nm
Optran [®] WFNCC	300-2400 nm

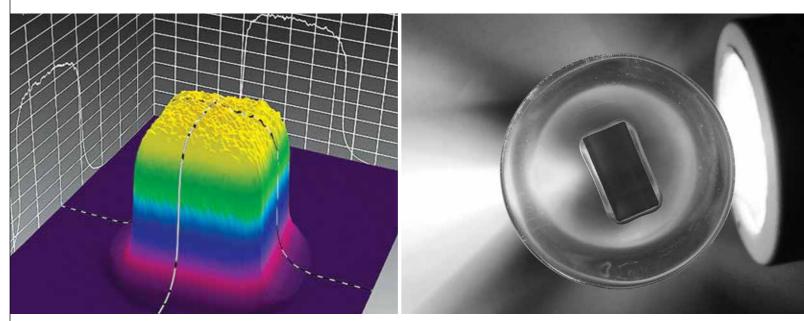
Numerical aperture (NA)

Low	0.16 ± 0.02
Standard	0.22 ± 0.02
High	0.28 ± 0.02

Corner sharpness for regular polygons with a number of sides >4 defined by the ratio between the diameters of circumscribed and inscribed circles.

Technical data

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran® UVNCC: 190–1200 nm	
	Optran [®] WFNCC: 300-2400 nm	
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.16 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised	
Operating temperature	-190 to +350°C	
Core diameter	Geometries and diameters upon request	
OH content	Optran [®] UVNCC: high (> 700 ppm)	
	Optran [®] WFNCC: low (< 1 ppm)	
	Fibers with OH content < 0.25	
Standard prooftest	100 kpsi (nylon, ETFE, acrylate cladding)	
	70 kpsi (polyimide cladding)	
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (short-term mechanical stress)	
	150 × core diameter (during use with high laser power)	
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength: see p. 21	



Fibers with a rectangular core geometry homogenize the intensity distribution. The image shows the intensity distribution on the focal level, using NCC fibers with core diameter of 800 × 800 µm.

Pure fused silica / F-doped fused silica square and rectangular shaped fibers Fibers which deviate from the traditional round form with a square or rectangular shape offers advantages due to providing maximum packing density for input and output. These fibers are very suitable for connections to angular sources and receivers. The angular shaped core provides consistent short-distance homogenization input power distribution. Our angular fibers are also available in rectangular shapes with large side ratios and a small corner radius, thanks to our special PCVD-technology.

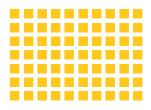
Large NCC's are ideal for applications which require a combination of flexibility and large cross sections in silica fibers, e.g. a diode laser delivery system.



Applications First choice for applications for beam shaping e.g. including surface treatment or for lighting.

Cerameptee⁻

Fiber with rectangular core geometry.





Cerameptee⁻

FIBERS 15

Optran[®] UVWFS broadband fiber Silica / silica fibers for applications from UV-C to IR-B

CeramOptec[®] is glad to offer a new extremely low loss fiber for the 200 nm to 2000 nm wavelength range. UVWFS fibers offer properties of both UV and WF fibers and are suitable for a wide range of applications.



Wavelength

Optran[®] UVWFS

200-2000 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

Low	0.12 ± 0.02
Standard	0.22 ± 0.02
High	0.28 ± 0.02
High	0.28 ± 0.02

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran® UVWFS: 200-2000 nm	
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.12 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised	
Operating temperature	-190 to +350°C	
Core diameter	Available from 100 to 800 μm standard 200 μm	
OH content	Optran® UVWFS: ~ 5 ppm	
Standard core / cladding ratios	1:1.06 1:1.1 1:1.2 1:1.4 oder kundenspezifisch	
Standard prooftest	70 kpsi (polyimide jacket)	
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (short-term mechanical stress)	
	150 × core diameter (during use with high laser power)	
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength: see p. 22	

Applications

CeramOptec® UVWFS optical fiber is the first choice for many applications where you work with different wavelengths simultanously: spectroscopy, analytical instruments, sensing applications, astronomy, aerospace and avionics, military applications and many more.

Optran[®] UVNSS Silica / silica fiber with hermetic carbon layer

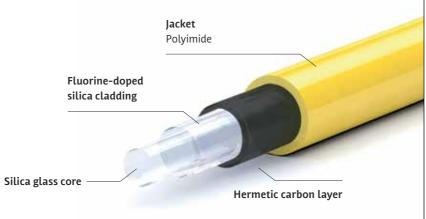
CeramOptec[®] is glad to offer a new product for the UVC spectral range. The improved solarization resistance and extra stability of UVNSS fibers opens a wide variety of applications.

Wavelength

Optran[®] UVNSS 190-1200 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

Low	0.12 ± 0.02
Standard	0.22 ± 0.02
High	0.28 ± 0.02



Technical data

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran® UVNSS: 190–1200 nm
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.12 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised
Operating temperature	-190 to +150°C
Core diameter	Available from 100 to 600 µm
Standard core / cladding ratios	1:1.06 1:1.1 1:1.2 1:1.4 or customised
OH content	High (> 700 ppm)
Standard prooftest	70 kpsi (polyimide jacket)
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (short-term mechanical stress) 300 × core diameter (during use with high laser power)
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength: see p. 21

Applications

First choice for applications including spectroscopy, semiconductor technology, laser delivery systems and many more.

Cerameptee-



Cerameptee-

Optran[®] HUV, Optran[®] HWF Silica fiber with hard polymer cladding

CeramOptec[®] offers its Optran[®] HUV/HWF fibers as a cost-effective alternative to silica/silica fibers. They provide high numerical aperture values, minimal bend losses and efficient connectorisation for a wide range of applications.

Wavelength

Optran[®] HUV / HWF 350-2200 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

Standard	0.37 ± 0.02
High	0.48 ± 0.02
	0.52 ± 0.02
	0.57 ± 0.02

Jacket ETFE: -40 to +150°C Nylon: -40 to +100°C

Hard polymer cladding

Silica glass core

Technical data

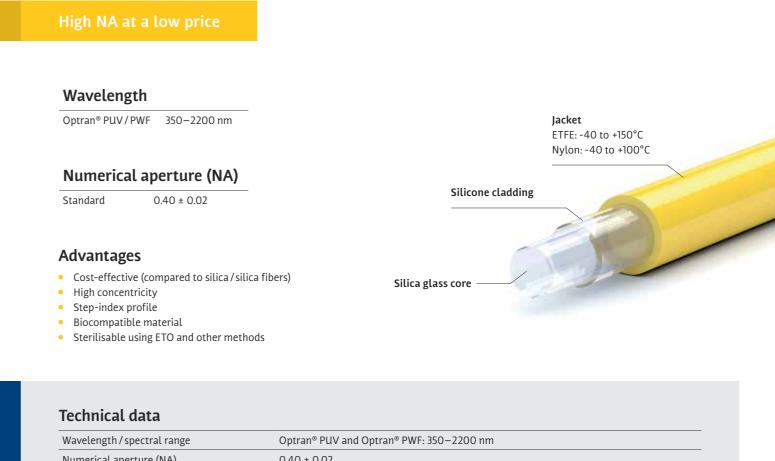
Wavelength / spectral rangeOptran® HUV and Optran® HWF: 350-2200 nmNumerical aperture (NA) $0.37 \pm 0.02 \mid 0.48 \pm 0.02 \mid 0.52 \pm 0.02 \mid 0.57 \pm 0.02$ Operating temperature -40 to +150°CCore diameterAvailable from 100 to 2000 µmOH contentOptran® HUV: high (> 700 ppm) Optran® HWF: low (< 1 ppm)Standard prooftest100 kpsi	
Operating temperature -40 to +150°C Core diameter Available from 100 to 2000 μm OH content Optran® HUV: high (> 700 ppm) Optran® HWF: low (< 1 ppm)	
Core diameter Available from 100 to 2000 µm OH content Optran® HUV: high (> 700 ppm) Optran® HWF: low (< 1 ppm)	
OH content Optran® HUV: high (> 700 ppm) Optran® HWF: low (< 1 ppm)	
Optran® HWF: low (< 1 ppm)	
Minimum handing radius EQ., sladding diameter (chart term machanical stress)	
Minimum bending radius50 × cladding diameter (short-term mechanical stress)150 × core diameter (during use with high laser power)	
Attenuation values in relation to wavelength: see p. 22	

Applications

First choice for applications from illumination to photodynamic therapy and many more.

Optran[®] PUV, Optran[®] PWF Silica fiber with silicone cladding

CeramOptec[®]'s silica fibers with silicone cladding ensure low-attenuation transmission from UV to NIR wavelengths. They provide a cost-effective alternative to pure silica fibers that suits a wide range of applications, from remote illumination to spectroscopy.



Wavelength / spectral range	Optran [®] PUV and Optran
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.40 ± 0.02
Operating temperature	-40 to +150°C
Core diameter	Available from 100 to 20
OH content	Optran® PUV: high (> 700 Optran® PWF: low (< 1 pp
Standard prooftest	100 kpsi
Minimum bending radius	50 × cladding diameter (150 × core diameter (duri
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength

Applications

First choice for applications from remote illumination to spectroscopy and many more.

Cerameptee⁻

000 µm 0 ppm) om)

(short-term mechanical stress) ing use with high laser power)

h: see p. 23

Cerameptee —

19 FIBERS

Optran[®] MIR Silver halide fiber

This unique fiber, which comprises a photosensitive compound (AgCl, AgBr), is ideal for the mid-infrared (MIR) range.

REMOVED FROM THE PRODUCT PORTFOLIO



Technical data

Wavelength / spectral range	Optran® MIR: 4–18 µm
Numerical aperture (NA)	0.13 ± 0.02 0.25 ± 0.02 0.35 ± 0.02
Operating temperature	-60 to + 110°C
Standard diameter	Core/cladding (μm) 400/500 μm 600/700 μm 860/1000 μm
Calculation index (core)	2.1
Reflective losses @ 10.6 µm	25%
Minimum bending radius	100 × cladding diameter
Highest power	30 Watt
Attenuation values	in relation to wavelength: see p. 23

Applications

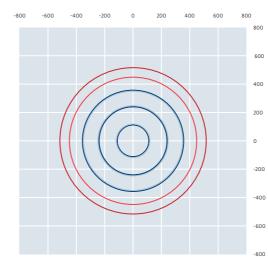
First choice for applications including CO₂-laser guides, FTIR spectroscopy, laser surface treatments and many more.

Multi-Core Optical Fiber Silica / silica concentric core and separated core fibers

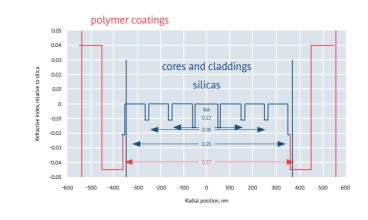
Multi-Core Fiber Optics open a range of capabilities for applications in sensing, laser delivery, and more. CeramOptec[®] offers Concentric Core and Separated Core fiber options, fully customizable to meet your needs.

Multi-Core Optical Fiber

Fiber Cross-Section / µm



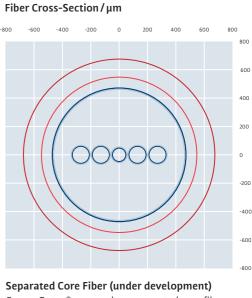
Concentric Core Fiber Advantages: Great for Power Density Control



Technical data

Our multi-core fibers are fully customizable. Please contact us for more information.

Cerameptee-



Separated Core Fiber (under development) Ceram Optec® can produce separated core fibers upon customer request. Advantages: Ideal for beam shaping

Cerameptee-

FIBERS 21

Metal Coated Silica Fibers Silica / silica fibers with metal coating

Metal coated silica fibers can withstand the highest temperatures of any fiber and are suitable for harsh environments. Available in Tin and Aluminum.

Metal Coated

Wavelength

Optran [®] UV	190–1200 nm
Optran [®] WF	300-2400 nm

Numerical aperture (NA)

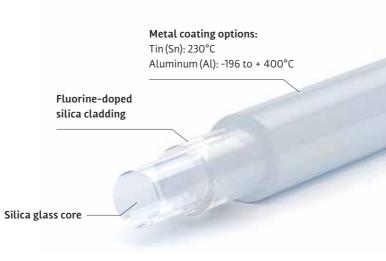
Low	0.12 ± 0.02 0.15 ± 0.02
Standard	0.22 ± 0.02
High	0.26 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02

Advantages

- High temperature resistance
- High chemical resistance
- Solderable
- Hermetically sealed only for Aluminum

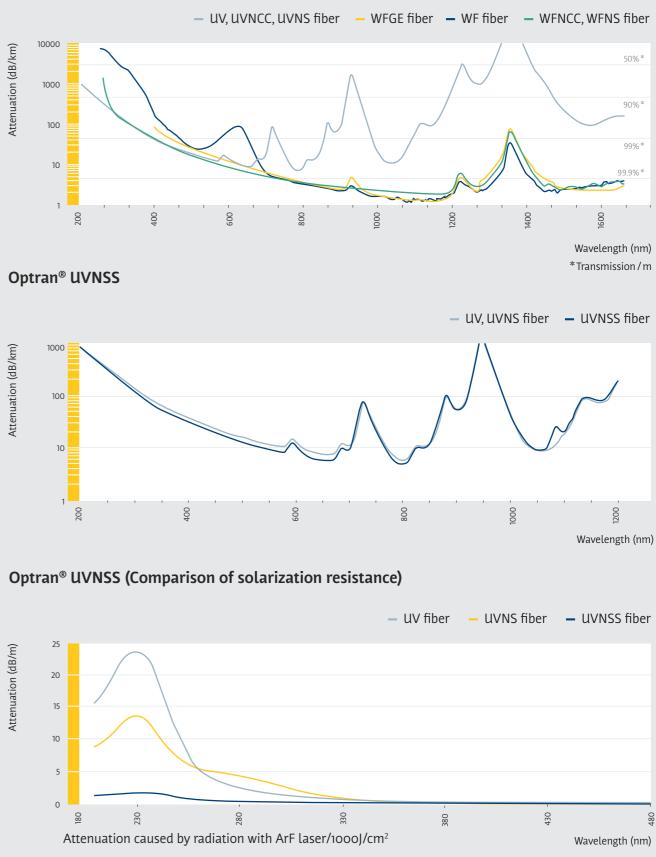
Technical data

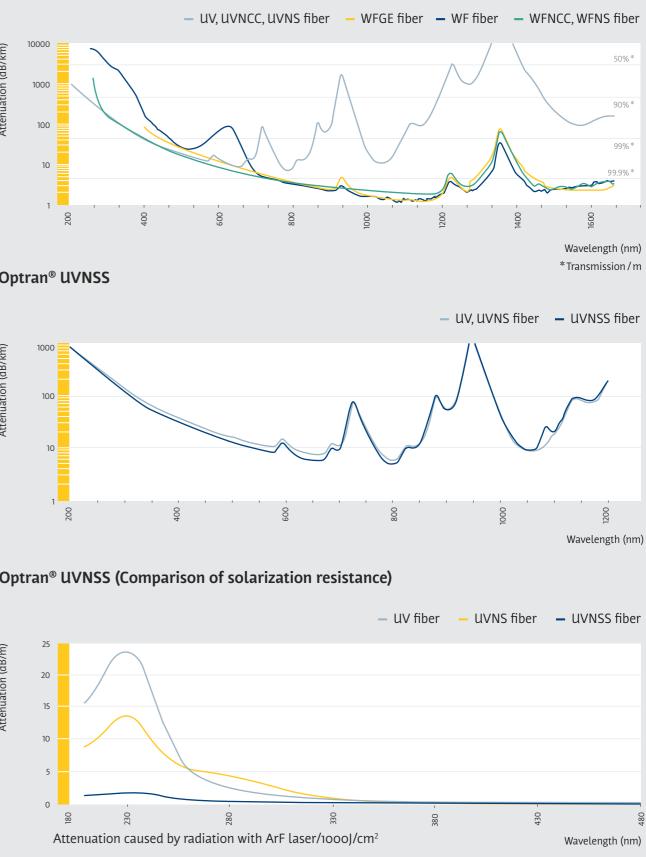
Optran® UV: 190–1200 nm Optran® WF: 300–2400 nm
0.12 ± 0.02 0.15 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02 0.26 ± 0.02 0.28 ± 0.02 or customised
-196 °C to +400°C
Available from 100 to 2100 µm
Tin: 6 to 9 Aluminum: 3.5 to 6
Tin: >10 Aluminum: >10
Tin: >100 Aluminum: >100
100 × diameter (short-term mechanical stress) 200 × diameter (during use with high laser power)

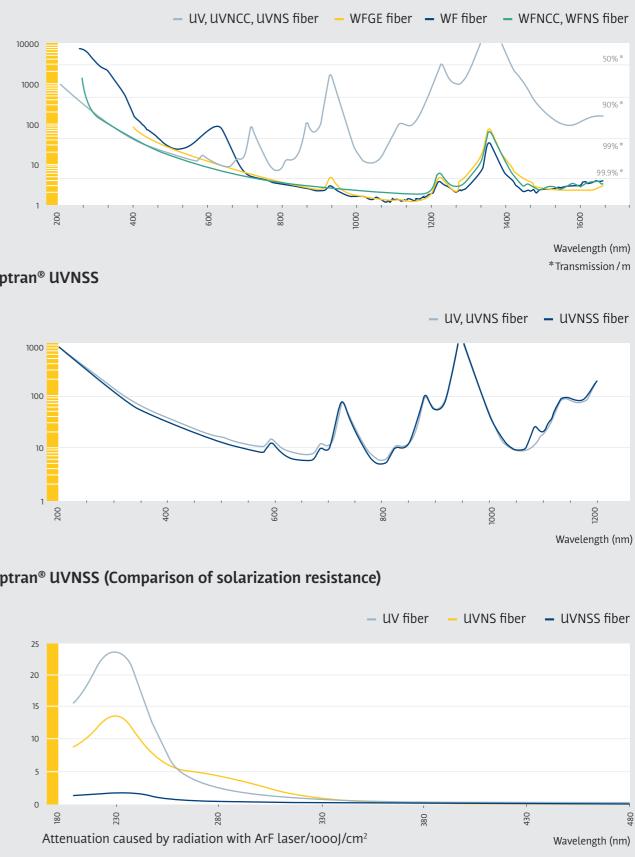


At a glance **Comparison of attenuation values**

Optran[®] UV, WF/UVNCC, WFNCC/Ultra WFGE, WFNS







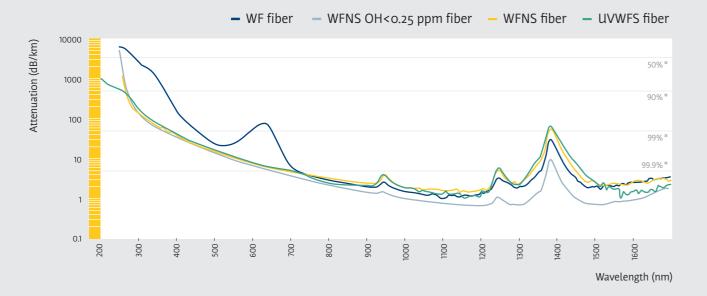
Cerameptee[®]



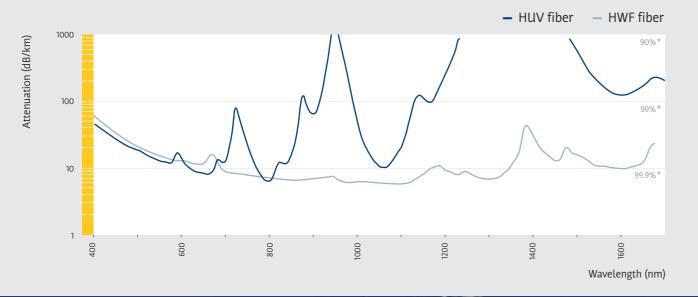
Cerameptee —

23 FIBERS

Optran® UVWFS broadband fiber



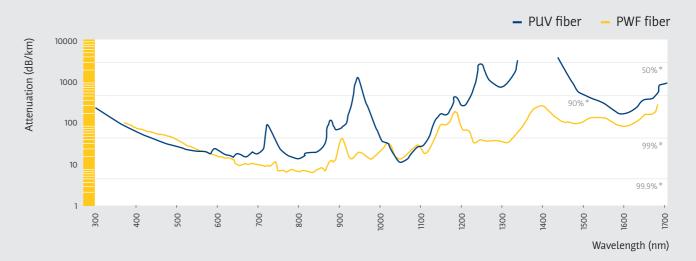
Optran[®] HUV, Optran[®] HWF

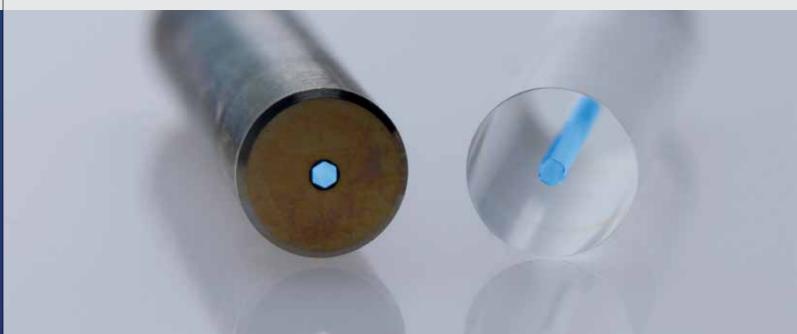






Optran[®] PUV, Optran[®] PWF





Cerameptee-

^{*} Transmission / m

Cerameptee —

Fiber bundles Multi-fiber assemblies



CeramOptec[®]'s fiber bundles are designed for superior quality and optimum fiber optic properties. We optimise your bundles for various parameters, including NA and packing efficiency. Our fiber assemblies can be flexibly configured and tailored precisely to your application needs.

Options

•	
Available fibers	All fibers from our range
Active bundle surface geometries	Circular Semi-circular Square Rectangular Line Ring Segmented ring
Bundle design	Single-branch Dual-branch Multi-branch
Bundle variant	Glued Fused Sorted AR coated
Connectors	SMA FC/PC ST and others upon customer request

Fiber bundles Fused-end bundles



CeramOptec[®]'s fused-end bundles set the benchmark for consistently high long-term performance. The fusing process completely eliminates inter-fiber spaces and thus positions CeramOptec[®]'s fused-end bundles among the most sophisticated fiber bundles on the market. As the bundles do not rely on adhesive, they are resistant to temperatures of more than +600°C, making them the first choice for demanding applications!

Wavelength

Numerical aperture (NA)

Fused-end bundles 190-2400 nm

Numerical
Low
Standard

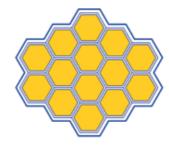
High

Advantages

- High transmission
- No inter-fiber spaces
- Large active diameter
- Wide range of ready-to-use assemblies available
- Long service life
- Even distribution in multi-branch bundles
- High temperature resistance above +600°C

Ceram<mark>e</mark>ptee—

0.12 ± 0.02 0.22 ± 0.02
0.22 ± 0.02
0.37 ± 0.02



Bundles made from end-fused fibers show no gaps between individual fibers, since the fibers attain a hexagonal shape during the fusing process.



Cerameptee[®] —

28 FIBER CABLES

Fiber cables Single-fiber assemblies



CeramOptec[®] offers a comprehensive range of cables and high-power cables tailored to your specific application needs. As we maintain complete control over the entire process, from preform manufacturing to the finished product, we are able to supply cables that meet the most demanding requirements regarding quality and fiber optic properties.

Advantages

- Broad temperature range
- High resistance against laser damage
- Special jackets available for high temperatures, high vacuum and harsh chemicals
- All dielectric, non-magnetic design
- Various lengths available

Options

Available fibers	All fibers from our range
Connectors	SMA FC/PC ST and ot
Protection tubes	PVC PTFE Kevlar C-F
Cable variation	AR coating possible

Fiber bundles Overview

Gluing

Glued fiber bundles offer the greatest flexibility in terms of achievable diameters and geometries.



Sorting Sorted fibers allow an even power distribution across several bundle arms and can increase the measuring precision thanks to spatial mapping of the fibers.



In bundles of fused fibers all gaps between the Fusion fibers are eliminated, delivering an increase in the filling factor and thus transmission by up to 20%.

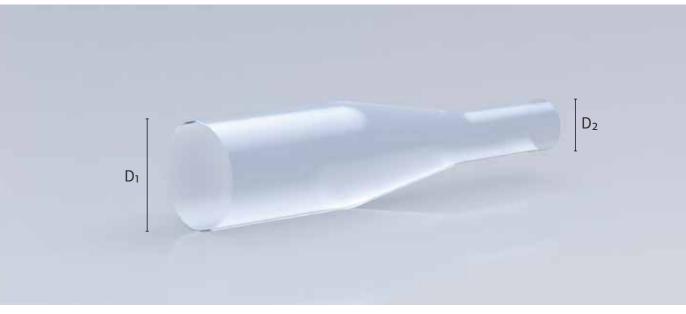


AR coating An AR coating almost completely eliminates reflection losses at the fiber ends, which can increase transmission by about 7%.



Cerameptee⁻

Fiber taper products Optran[®] UV, WF, Ultra WFGE



thers upon customer request, including ferrules

-Flex | Kevlar-reinforced PVC | Metal | Steel and others

CeramOptec[®]'s fused tapered fibers can be deployed from the deep UV to the NIR range. Taper products are required where input and output diameters differ. CeramOptec[®] offers a wide range of options, including for special applications.

Advantages

- Broad temperature range
- High resistance against laser damage
- Special jackets available for high temperatures, high vacuum and harsh chemicals
- All dielectric, non-magnetic design

Formula

A tapered optical fiber acts as a beam diameter and numerical aperture converter, with the input beam being converted according to the following formula:

NA2: = $\frac{D_1}{D_2}$ NA1

NA1: Input NA | NA2: Output NA D1: Input diameter | D2: Output diameter The output NA is limited by the NA of the fiber used, which may result in a loss of light.

Technical data

Available fibers	Optran [®] UV Optran [®] WF Optran [®] WFGE
Wavelength	From deep UV to NIR
Core diameter	50 to 1500 μm
Standard taper ratios	2:1 3:1 4:1 5:1 or customised
Standard prooftest	100 kpsi
Minimum bending radius	5–100 mm (depending on the selected fiber diameter)

Cerameptee⁻

Instructions for use Fibers, fiber cables, fiber bundles



Please note the following information to ensure the long-term safe use of your fiber products:

Safety

- 1. The NA of the laser beam must be smaller than the NA of the fiber.
- 2. The laser beam must be directed towards the core diameter or fused bundle, as connectors or
- adhesive between the bundles may otherwise overheat.
- 3. It is recommended to have the laser energy distributed evenly (instead of a Gaussian distribution).

Application

- 1. Clean the fiber endface before switching on the laser.
- 2. Ensure that the ferrule and receptacle are entirely free from any contamination, as contaminants may burn in.
- 3. The cable / bundle surface may be cleaned with isopropyl alcohol, ideally under a microscope using a cotton bud. 4. Ensure that the optical axes are correctly aligned and not at an angle to each other, and that the focal point is
- correctly aligned. It is recommended to verify the alignment using a He-Ne laser.
- 5. Ensure that the minimum bending radius is complied with to prevent fiber breakage.

CUSTOMER INFORMATION 31

Our Glossary We have explained some important concepts of fiber optics below.

Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions.

Fiber optics	The branch of optical tecl through fibers made of tr
Optical fiber	(Also optical waveguide, extruded glass or plastic to promote internal refle
Fiber bundle	A rigid or flexible, concer
Core	The light conducting por the cladding.
Cladding	Low refractive index mat core light while protectir silica, plastic or specialty
Numerical aperture (NA)	In fiber optics, the NA de system. NA is an importa
Ultraviolet spectrum	The invisible region of th Wavelengths range from
Visible spectrum	The region of the electro the eye sees. It extends f
Infrared spectrum	Region of the electromag 700 nm to 1000 nm.
Attenuation	The phenomenon of the
Bend loss	Loss of power in an optic the critical angle require
Transmission	In optics, the conduction of energy passing throug

Product code key using the example of WF NS (HEX) 400/480 /1050 (H) (B)N NA=0.26

UV = Optran® UV WF = HUV = Optran® HUV H UVNS = Optran® UVNS
RCT = rectangle PEN =
Circular = core diameter
Circular = cladding diam
H = hard polymer buffer
B = black BL = blue No information = transp
A = acrylate jacket (no b T = ETFE jacket (silicone
Standard 0.1 to 0.26 for WFGE 0.37 to 0.57 for H
-

Cerameptee⁻

chnology concerned with the transmission of radiant power ransparent materials such as glass, fused silica or plastic.

, fiber optic cable, optical cable) – a thin filament of drawn or c having a central core and a cladding of lower-index material ection.

ntrated assembly of glass or plastic fibers used to transmit light.

rtion of an optical fiber. It has a higher refractive index than

aterial that surrounds the core of an optical fiber. It contains the ng against surface scattering. The cladding can consist of fused ty materials.

escribes the range of angles at which light can enter and exit the ant parameter in applied fiber optics.

he spectrum beyond the violet end of the visible region. n 10 to 400 nm.

omagnetic spectrum to which the retina is sensitive and by which from about 400 to 700 nm in wavelength.

gnetic radiation spectrum where wavelengths range from about

loss of average optical power in an optical fiber or medium.

cal fiber due to bending of the fiber. Usually caused by exceeding ed for total internal reflection by internal light paths.

of radiant energy through a medium. Often denotes the percentage gh an element or system relative to the amount that entered.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

= Optran[®] WF | UVNSS = Optran[®] UVNSS | NCC = Optran[®] NCC HWF = Optran[®] HWF | WFGE = Optran[®] WFGE | MIR = Optran[®] MIR | WFNS = Optran[®] WFNS | UVWFS = Optran[®] UVWFS

pentagonal | HEX = hexagonal

r | PEN, HEX, HEP, OCT = insribed circle diameter | RCT = side 1 x side 2 neter | RCT = cladding side 1 x side 2

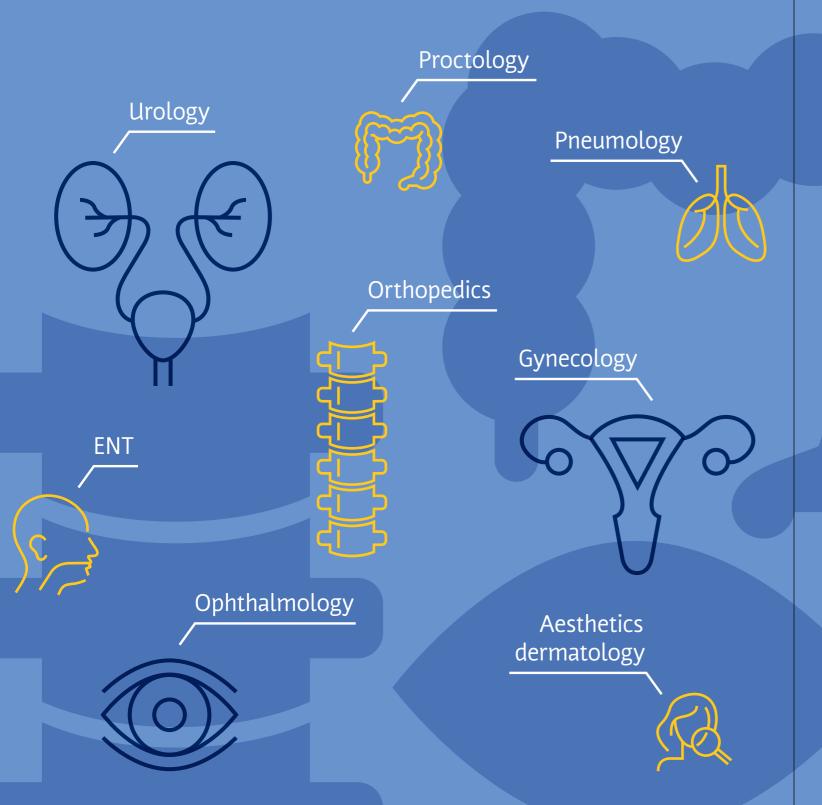
r | S = silicone buffer | No information = no buffer

W = white | Y = yellow | R = red | G = green parent

buffer) | N = nylon jacket (silicone or hard polymer jacket) e or hard polymer buffer) | P = polyimide jacket (no buffer)

WF and UV | 0.12 to 0.29 for WFNS | 0.15 to 0.29 for UVNS | 0.37 for HUV and HWF | 0.32 for PUV and PWF

Probes for medical lasers – customized for your application



Customized optical fibers for every laser medical application

More than 30 years of experience in the development and production of optical fibers and everything that goes with them make us a reliable partner for medicine and research. For us, off-the-peg fibers are out of the question. After all, every laser medical application has its own unique requirements, which must be met. This is the only way that allows us to offer physicians precisely the right fibers and probes for different areas of application.

We develop our custom-fit solutions in-house, from the preform to the optical fiber and finished probe so we can meet your special requirements quickly and support you with our expertise. Everything from a single source, everything for your applications.

Perfectly customized

Our probes and fibers are optimally matched to your medical applications and fit all laser types. Outstanding quality and easy handling make them the first choice for modern non-invasive laser surgery.

Advantages

- Compatible with all medical lasers
- Contact and non-contact modes
- Tissue-conserving
- Precise laser guidance
- Minimal bleeding
- Decades of experience in laser technology
- Customized for each application

Talk to us! Tel. +49.228.979 670 sales@ceramoptec.com

www.ceramoptec.com



Our international presence Your local contact

Locations

CeramOptec® GmbH Siemensstr. 44, 53121 Bonn Germany

Sales and development Brühler Straße 30, 53119 Bonn Germany Tel.: +49.228.979 670 Fax: +49.228.979 6799 sales@ceramoptec.com www.ceramoptec.com **CeramOptec® SIA** Skanstes Iela 7k-1, 1013 Riga Latvia

Production and development Domes iela 1a, 5316 Livani Latvia

Sales partners

Biolitec Laser science and technology Shanghai Ltd. Unit 302-3, Tower 1, No. 38 De Bao Raod, Shanghai China, 200131 Tel.: +86.21.630 888 56 Fax: +86.21.630 888 56 sales-china@ceramoptec.com

Japan

China

Prolinx Corporation ONEST KANDA SQUARE 3F 17 Kanda-Konyacho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo, JAPAN 101-0035 Tel.: +81.3.525 620 52 Fax: +81.3.525 6272 contact@prolinx.co.jp www.prolinx.co.jp

France OBS FIBER

15 Avenue de Norvege Parc de Courtaboeuf 91140 Villebon sur Yvette, France Tel.: +33.1.609 241 22 jcorceiro@obs-fiber.fr www.obs-fiber.fr

Korea

Unitech International Corp. 319-2603 Treezium 35 Jamsil 3 Dong Songpa Gu, Seoul Korea Tel.: +82.2.585 6188 Fax: +82.2.585 6186 esala@naver.com

India

New Age Instruments & Materials (P) Ltd. 1261, Sector-4, Gurgaon-122001 Haryana, India Tel.: +91.124.408 651 314 Fax: +91.11.476 180 18 tapan@newagein.com www.newagein.com

U.S.A.

Armadillo SIA P.O. Box 70120 Sunnyvale CA, 94086 Tel.: +1. 408.834 7422 Fax: +1. 408.834 7430 info@armadillosia.com www.armadillosia.com