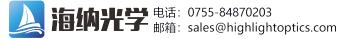
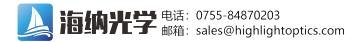
Photoacoustic Imaging Sources

PhotoSonus X



See list of publications written by employing **PhotoSonus** series lasers





High Output Power DPSS Tunable Laser for Photoacoustic Imaging

PhotoSonus X

PhotoSonus X is a perfect solution for photoacoustic imaging in pre-clinical and clinical use and when fast sample scanning is required.

Having high output energy of up to 90 mJ at the peak, a broad wavelength tuning range from 650 to 2600 nm, high pulse repetition rate up to 100 Hz and fast wavelength switching makes it a perfect photoacoustic imaging source for gaining high-resolution images and ensuring high data acquisition rate. Moreover, being built on a diode pumped solid-state laser platform, PhotoSonus X assures significantly quieter operation (< 60 dB) compared with flash-lamp pumped lasers, which is very beneficial for clinical use.

Diode pumped laser technology and well-engineered system design ensures high reliability and low-cost system operation. PhotoSonus X output can be coupled with almost any type of fiber bundle.

With additional options of an internal energy meter and electromechanical shutter with laser self-test capability, PhotoSonus X can be ready for certification in clinical photoacoustic applications.

Features

Ultra-wide signal tuning range from **650** to **1300 nm**

Fully motorized wavelength tuning

Fast wavelength switching

Externally triggerable

High, up to **90 mJ** pulse energy from OPO

100 Hz or **50 Hz** pulse repetition rate

Certification ready

Quiet operation < 60 dB

Integrated DPSS pump laser and OPO into a single housing

Fiber bundle or fiber

Signal and idler through the same output (optional)

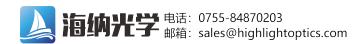
Integrated energy meter (optional)

Electromechanical output shutter with laser self-test capability



Learn more about PhotoSonus X www.ekspla.com





Specifications 1)

Model		PhotoSonus X-50	PhotoSonus X-100	
ОРО				
Wavelength range	Signal	650 – 1300 nm		
	Idler (optional)	1065 – 2600 nm		
OPO output max pulse energy 2)		> 90 mJ	> 50 mJ	
ulse repetition rate ³⁾		50 Hz 100 Hz		
Scanning step	Signal	0.1 nm		
	Idler	1 nm		
Pulse duration 4)		2 – 5 ns		
Signal linewidth 5)		< 15 cm ⁻¹	< 10 cm ⁻¹	
Typical signal beam diameter (1/e²) 6)		6 ± 1 mm		
Control interfaces		LAN, RS232		
Physical characteristics				
Cooling		Closed loop air-water cooled 7)		
Unit size (W \times L \times H)		551 × 400 × 162 mm		
Power supply size (W \times L \times H)		483 × 390 × 140 mm		
Umbilical length		0.5 m		
Operating requirements				
Room temperature		18 – 27 °C		
Relative humidity		20 – 80 % (non-condensing)		
Power requirements		100 – 240 VAC, single phase 50/60 Hz		
Power consumption		< 2 kW		
to change without notice. The parameters marked typical are not specifications. They are indications of typical performance and will vary with each unit we manufacture. Unless stated otherwise all specifications are measured at 700 nm. 3 Measured at the free space output See tuning curves for		Other fixed pulse repetition rates are available upon request. FWHM measured with photodiode featuring 1 ns rise time and 300 MHz bandwidth oscilloscope. At 700 nm or higher wavelength. Measured at the free space output at 700 nm wavelength. Using external chiller.		

Performance

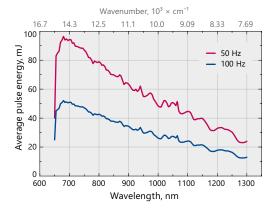


Fig 1. Typical PhotoSonus X free space extended range signal output energy vs. wavelength

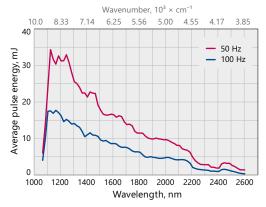
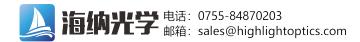
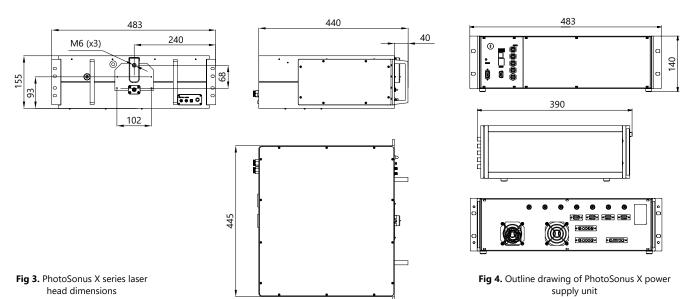


Fig 2. Typical PhotoSonus X free space idler output energy vs. wavelength



Drawings



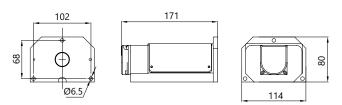


Fig 5. Outline drawing and dimensions of 3 mm fiber bundle



Fig 6. PhotoSonus X laser head with power supply units and cooling chiller installed in one rack

Ordering information

Note: Laser must be connected to the mains electricity all the time. If there will be no mains electricity for longer that 1 hour then laser (system) needs warm up for a few hours before switching on.

PhotoSonus X-50-IDL-EM-EFBC				
Model		EFBC → exchangeable fiber coupling		
X → diode-pumped version		module		
Repetition rate:		EM → OPO energy meter		
50 → 50 Hz 100 → 100 Hz		$IDL \rightarrow idler option$		